Name: _____

Class Period: _____

Unit 1 Notes

The Fundamentals of Fashíon, Fashíon Hístory, ξ Fashíon Capítols and Desígners



Why Do We Wear Clothes?

Write the definition and 2 examples of clothing for each reason...

Protection-

- 1.
- 2.

Safety and Security-

- 1.
- 2.

Adornment-

1.

2.

Identification-

- 1.
- 2.

Modesty-

- 1.
- 2.

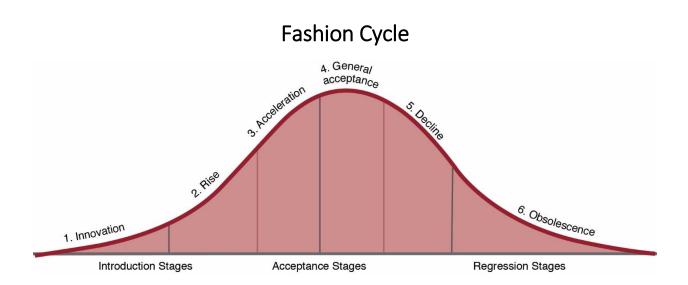
Status-

- 1.
- 2.

Fashion Terminology

Write a basic definition for each term, it does not have to be word for word. Accessories-Avant Garde-Classic-Design-Draped-Garment-Haute-Couture-Ready to Wear-Style-Tailored-Wardrobe-Fad/Craze-

Trend-



The History of Fashion

1900's

The ______ symbolized the feminine ideal of physical attractiveness

The silhouette softened into the _____ curve with softer shoulders, less restrictive corsets, and the bustle, never returned.

The ______ for gentlemen was introduced. The suit was relatively non-constricting with a sack coat, simple vest, and pleated trousers.

Amelia Bloomer designed a practical outfit for the avid cyclist consisting of a tunic dress worn over loose trousers gathered at the ankle.

Later this was revised into a split skirt with gathers under the knee, called

1910's

Men and women wore	to protect their clothing when driving
or riding in cars.	
French designer Paul Poiret broke	the new rule of freedom by designing the
	omen could only take very tiny steps.
saw fashio	n come to a standstill with patriotism at an all-
time high.	
During and at the end of WWI. The	e silhouette look comes in.
It is a baggy dress/jacket combinat and in the chest.	ion that made women look
The	demanded the right to vote, wear make-
up, cut their hair short for the first the ankle.	time in a Bobbed style, and wear skirts above
1920's	
The	Era.
The w	as introduced.
Women wore lots of	
The hate became ve	ry popular.
The silhouette v	was in!
1930's	
The Era.	
	styles in suits and dresses, time and stay in
The was res	tored.
The	was a classic.

Children wore clothing made from _____ and _____

Dresses were cut on the _____ because it created a curvy and clingy silhouette.

1940's

The _____ Era.

_____ Fashion stopped progressing until after the war- a reflection that most men were serving in uniforms instead of enjoying life at home.

Women's fashion echoed men's traditional clothing with man-tailored dresses, coats and hats. These new serious looks were not about an ______ life but about supporting the ______ through ______.

Women favored the "______," a short jacket, A-line, kneelength skirt, and blouse, which could be easily transformed into evening wear by shedding the jacket once the workday was over.

The ______ was the popular silhouette at this time.

The ______ Jacket & The ______ Jacket were influenced by the service men's uniforms.

The New Look 1947-50's

In 1947, a French designer, ______ launched what he called "The ______."

The war was over, the men had returned home, and The New Look gave women a softer, more ______ look and curve.

This look was stylish, elegant, and reflected the opposite of wartime restrictions.

The ______ fell to just above the ankle and skirts were incredibly

Yards and yards of fabric were used as well as petticoats with crinoline and flounces of lace.

The ______ was dropped with a thud and the sloping, soft shoulder replaced the squared, manly look.

The bust line was accented; the waistline was high and cinched in again.

1950's

Teenagers!

Until 1950 the term ______ had never before been coined. Children were known as girls and boys were called youths.

During the 1950s a range of influences including ______, television, magazines and the ______ music scene created a new market grouping called teenagers.

_____ Shoes and _____ were introduced and very popular!

The Era of ______ ____ _____.

The ______ silhouette became very popular!

1960's

The 60's opened with the simple A-line dress.

The ______ silhouette was very popular at this time.

Most dresses were very simple and so accessories were both expressive and bold.

A major fashion breakthrough of the late 60's was the tailored ______.

It was seen everywhere and was chic, elegant, comfortable, and convenient, not to mention practical.

The ______ was one fashion that hit early in the 60's.

It was the design of Mary Quant from Wales. She is regarded as the mother of the mini and high boots.

The 1960's was a time of action, violence, protest, rebellion, experimentation, and counterculture.

Dramatic events took place during this decade and dramatic changes in fashion occurred.

During these years two sets of fashion developed side by side: fashion for the ______ and fashion for the rest of ______.

The Civil Rights Movement sparked an impressive move to ______fashion.

Blacks and whites alike found interest in the African colors and prints.

Afro hairstyles were worn by most African Americans and some whites used perms to get the Afro hairstyle.

Jackie Kennedy

Jacqueline O. Kennedy also stood out at this time to represent a more conservative fitted dress favored by many women.

The _____ hat became a popular accessory.

1970's

The ______ to _____ Era.

Fashions in the 70's were extremely flexible.

Most people dressed to identify with their particular lifestyle rather than fit into any fashion mold sent from Paris or anywhere else.

Bell bottom jeans were very popular creating the "_____" silhouette.

_____ Shoes and _____ print were all the rage in the 70's!

1980's

The _____ craze!

Spandex was in; comfort and function were paramount.

Men and women hit the gyms, spas, and athletic centers in droves creating a big market for athletic clothes that were not only functional but attractive and flattering.

The _____ Era!

Yuppie was a term used to describe a young professional person working in a city.

Brand Names!

Brands began to cover all clothing. The _____ on apparel was usually more important than the item itself.

Guess? Jeans hit the stores in 1981.

Swatch watches hit big in 1983.

The "_____" silhouette was very popular!

1990's

The _____ Era!

A period of extreme growth in the usage and adaptation of the Internet by businesses and consumers.

During this period, many Internet-based companies, commonly referred to as *dot*-*coms*, were founded.

The rejection of fashion-____!

The _____!

The ______ silhouette is back!

2000's

The War on Terrorism

At the start of the 2000's, fashion was influenced by technology. Metallic fabrics and futuristic styles were popular. Political events such as ______ caused fashion to become more ______.

Americans returned to the ______. This style is khaki pants, polo shirts, and suits. Pastel (light and soft colors), dark blues and greens are classic colors. Brands like *The Gap* and *Ralph Lauren* specialize in the classic American style, popularized in the 1980's.

The 2000's saw a lot of embellishments in their clothing, skinny jeans, and the hip hop style became popular!

2010's

Social Media has a huge influence on fashion!

Leggings

Jeggings

Cutouts

Hipster styles

Fashion Designers and Capitols

The 5 Major Fashion Capitals are...

Designers

______ is famous for many reasons but she is most known for her creation of the wonder dress, also known as the "_______ _____." ______." ______ is most famous for what is called The "_______ _____."